

ORDINANCE NO. 14934

An ORDINANCE relating to Thurston County's solid waste system, regulating the distribution of single-use plastic and biodegradable carryout bags, and requiring retail establishments to collect a pass-through charge from customers requesting recyclable paper carryout bags, AND ADDING New Section 8.26 to Chapter 8 of the Thurston County Code.

WHEREAS, the Washington State Legislature in RCW 70.95.010(8)(a) established waste reduction as the first priority for the collection, handling, and management of solid waste; and

WHEREAS, the Washington State Legislature in RCW 70.95.010(4) found that it is "necessary to change manufacturing and purchasing practices and waste generation behaviors to reduce the amount of waste that becomes a governmental responsibility"; and

WHEREAS, the Washington State Legislature in RCW 70.95.010(6)(c) found that it is the responsibility of city and county governments "to assume primary responsibility for solid waste management and to develop and implement aggressive and effective waste reduction and source separation strategies"; and

WHEREAS, the 2009 Thurston County Solid Waste Plan, adopted by the county and all towns and cities within Thurston County, includes an objective to increase advocacy for policy changes to improve waste reduction and recycling; and

WHEREAS, the Solid Waste Advisory Committee directed staff to review studies related to the production, use, and disposal of (single-use) plastic carryout bags, which identify significant adverse impacts on the environment; and

WHEREAS, it is the County's desire to conserve resources, reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, waste, litter, marine litter, and pollution, and to protect the public health and welfare; and

WHEREAS, less reliance on single-use carryout bags provided by retail establishments works toward the goals of conserving energy and natural resources, while reducing litter production; and

WHEREAS, plastic carryout bags are made of nonrenewable resources, and plastic never biodegrades, only breaking down into smaller and smaller particles which seep into soils and are carried into rivers, lakes, the Puget Sound, and the world's oceans, posing a threat to animal life and the natural food chain; and

WHEREAS, even though single-use paper carryout bags are made from renewable resources and are therefore less of a litter problem than single-use plastic carryout bags, they nevertheless require significant resources to manufacture, transport, recycle and/or dispose of, and

WHEREAS, costs associated with the use, recycling, and/or disposal of single-use paper and plastic carryout bags in Thurston County creates a burden on the County's solid waste disposal system, including, in the case of plastic carryout bags, machine down-time and contamination of recycled paper at the materials recovery facility; and

WHEREAS, to prevent waste generation, it is in the County's interest to discourage the use of single-use, throw-away items of all types which can be accomplished through price signals; and

WHEREAS, to reduce the use of plastic and paper carryout bags in the County, it is necessary to regulate such use; and

WHEREAS, it is in the best interest of the health, safety and welfare of the people of Thurston County that regulations require a pass-through charge on the use of recyclable paper carryout bags in order to encourage greater use of reusable bags, to reduce the cost of solid waste disposal by the County, and to protect the environment;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS FOR THURSTON COUNTY as follows;

Section 8.26 of the Thurston Code is hereby created to read as follows (as set forth in Attachment A to this Ordinance)

This ordinance shall take effect July 1, 2014. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this chapter, is, for any reason, found to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid by a court of competent jurisdictions, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion of this Chapter.

ADOPTED. *September 24, 2013*

ATTEST:

LaSoneta J. Baumgardner
Clerk of the Board

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

JON TUNHEIM
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

By: *[Signature]*
Deputy Prosecuting Attorney

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Thurston County, Washington

[Signature]
Chair

[Signature]
Vice-Chair

[Signature]
Commissioner

CODIFIED

EXHIBIT A TO ORDINANCE _____

8.26.010. Purpose and Intent

- A. The purpose of this chapter is to reduce the number of single-use bags in the Thurston County waste stream.
- B. It is the intent of the Commission to:
 - 1. Educate the public on the environmental and financial impacts of single-use bags in Thurston County;
 - 2. Eliminate the main sources of single-use plastic bags;
 - 3. Encourage the use of reusable bags

8.26.020. Definitions

For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply.

- A. "Carryout bag" means a bag that is provided by a retail establishment at the check stand, cash register, point of sale or other point of departure to a customer for the purpose of transporting food or merchandise out of the establishment. Carryout bags do not include:
 - (1) bags used by customers inside stores to package bulk items such as fruit, vegetables, nuts, grains, candy, greeting cards, or small hardware items, such as nails and bolts, or to contain or wrap frozen foods, meat or fish, whether prepackaged or not, or to contain or wrap flowers or potted plants, or other items where dampness may be a problem, or to contain unwrapped prepared foods or bakery goods, or to contain prescription drugs or durable medical equipment, or to safeguard public health and safety during the transportation of prepared take-out foods and prepared liquids intended for consumption away from the retail establishment; or
 - (2) newspaper bags, door-hanger bags, laundry-dry cleaning bags, or bags sold in packages containing multiple bags intended for use a garbage, pet waste, or yard waste bags
- B. "Pass-through charge" means a charge to be collected by retailers from their customers when providing recyclable paper bags, and retained by retailers to offset the cost of bags and other costs related to the pass-through charge.
- C. "Recyclable paper bag" means a paper carryout bag that has a manufacturer's stated capacity of one-eighth barrel (882 cubic inches) or larger and meets the following requirements: (a) contains an average of 40 percent recycled materials, and (b) displays the percent of recycled content on the outside of the bag.
- D. "Retail establishment" means any person, corporation, partnership, business venture, public sports or entertainment facilities, government agency, street vendor or vendor at public events or festivals or organizations that sell or provide merchandise, goods or materials including, without limitation, clothing, food, beverages, household goods, or personal items of any kind directly to a customer. Examples include but are not limited to department stores, clothing stores, jewelry stores, grocery stores, pharmacies, home improvement stores, liquor stores, convenience stores, gas stations, restaurants, food vending trucks, farmers markets and temporary vendors of food and

merchandise at street fairs and festivals. Food banks and other food assistance programs are not considered to be retail establishments for the purposes of this section.

- E. "Single-use plastic carryout bag" means any carryout bag made from plastic or any material marketed or labeled as "biodegradable" or "compostable" that is neither intended nor suitable for continuous reuse as a carryout bag or that is less than 2.25 mils thick.

8.26.030. Implementation

- A. No retail establishment in the unincorporated area of Thurston County shall provide a single-use plastic carryout bag to any customer.
- B. No retail establishment in the unincorporated area of Thurston County shall provide a paper carryout bag with a manufacturer's stated capacity of one-eighth barrel (882 cubic inches) or larger that is not a recyclable paper bag, and retail establishments shall collect a pass-through charge of not less than five-cents for each recyclable paper carryout bag provided to customers. It shall be a violation of this section for any retail establishment to pay or otherwise reimburse a customer for any portion of the pass-through charge; provided that retail establishments may not collect a pass-through charge from anyone with a voucher or electronic benefits card issued under the Women, Infants and Children (WIC) or Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) support programs, or the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP, also known as Basic Food), or the Washington State Food Assistance Program (FAP).
- C. All retail establishments shall indicate on the customer transaction receipt, if any, the number of recyclable paper carryout bags provided and the total amount of the pass-through charge.
- D. To further promote the use of reusable shopping bags and reduce the quantity of single-use carryout bags entering the Thurston County waste stream, the Director of Public Works is authorized to make reusable carryout bags available to the public at low cost or free-of-charge, targeting such programs to reach low-income households to the greatest degree possible.

8.26.040. Compliance

- A. Designation of Enforcement Officer. The enforcement officer(s) for violations of this title for civil infraction purposes shall be designated by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners upon the recommendation of the Director of Thurston County Environmental Health.
- B. Upon a first violation of any part of this Chapter, a duly designated enforcement officer of Thurston County Environmental Health shall issue a Notice of Violation to the offending person or business. The Notice of Violation shall contain the date of and alleged type of violation. The Notice of Violation shall be regarded as a warning and no other sanctions shall be implemented. Notice shall be served upon the premises to the highest-ranking employee currently on duty at the time of delivery.
- C. If after the issuance of a Notice of Violation the enforcement officer becomes aware of subsequent non-compliance, Thurston County Environmental Health has the authority to issue a civil infraction. Any subsequent violation of this chapter shall be designated as a Class 1 civil infraction. Each day of any such violation is a separate civil infraction; a notice of infraction may be issued for each day of any such violation, however the enforcement officer is not required to issue a notice of infraction for each day of such violation. Civil infractions shall be heard and determined according to Chapter 7.80 RCW as amended, and any applicable court rules.

- D. Recording of Civil Infractions.** Notice of civil infraction may be recorded with the Thurston County Auditor against the property on which the violation took place in the following instances:
- i) The owner of the property affected by the civil infraction has been given prior notice with an opportunity to cure the violation
 - ii) The person receiving the notice of civil infraction does not respond as required by RCW 7.80.080.
 - iii) The person/business receiving the notice of civil infraction fails to appear at a hearing requested under RCW 7.80.080(3) or (4).
 - iv) The person/business assessed a monetary penalty for the civil infraction fails to pay such penalty within the time required by law and does not appeal the penalty. If the penalty is appealed, the enforcement officer may record the notice of civil determination only if a penalty remains unpaid after a final appellate determination has been entered.
- E.** The Auditor shall record any notice of civil infraction submitted for recording under this section.
- F. Removing of Recording.** The recording of a notice of civil infraction with the Auditor shall be removed when:
- i) The civil infraction proceeding has been dismissed or decided in favor of the person to whom the notice was issued; or
 - ii) Any monetary penalty assessed for the infraction has been paid and the violation has been remedied to the satisfaction of the county.
- G.** It shall be a violation of this ordinance for any retail establishment to penalize, discipline, or discriminate against any employee for performing any duty necessary to comply with the ordinance.

8.26.050. Reporting

The Director of Thurston County Public Works shall evaluate: (a) the financial impact to retail establishments of implementing this ordinance, (b) the effectiveness of this ordinance in reducing the number of single-use carryout bags used in the County, (c) the effectiveness of this ordinance compared to other jurisdictions' efforts to reduce use of single-use carryout bags, and (d) the waste- and litter-reduction benefits of the County program. The evaluation shall be presented in reports to the Thurston County Board of Commissioners and all city councils within Thurston County. At minimum, reports shall be submitted by January 1, 2015 and July 1, 2016.

8.26.060. Regional Implementation

It is recommended that this ordinance also be adopted by the town and city governments of Thurston County.